Standard 4

# **Fossil History**

## Purpose

Students will observe and describe how fossils can be compared to one another and to living organisms according to their similarities and differences.

## Materials-

*For the teacher:* water, flour, salt, mixing bowl, spoon, chalk, chalkboard, plaster of paris

*For each student:* 2 copies of Black Line Master (BLM) *Fossil Traits*, pencil, clam or scallop shell, paper towel, pen, science journal *For the class:* sets of pictures or specimens of fossil and modern organisms

## Activity ·

#### A. Pre-Activity Preparation

- 1. Collect pictures and/or specimens of related fossil and modern organisms:
  - Some organisms whose living and fossil specimens are very similar are: ferns, bony fish, sand dollars, snails, sea urchins, clams, crinoids, brachiopods, corals, bryozoans, and mosquitoes.
  - Some extinct and living organisms that are very similar are: trilobite and arthropod, ammonite and chambered nautilus, allosaurus and crocodile, and pterodactyl or archaeopteryx and bird.
- 2. Label each specimen and organize the specimens and pictures into pairs of related organisms in various locations around the room.
- 3. Prepare salt dough by mixing 230 ml flour, 230 ml salt, and approximately 230 ml water for every four students. Knead the dough until it is elastic.
- 4. Form a ball of salt dough for each student (each ball should be large enough to make an impression of a shell).
- 5. Cover the balls of dough with a moist towel.

#### **B. Fossil Comparison**

- 1. Ask students: "What are fossils?"
- 2. Ask students what they could learn by observing a fossil.
- 3. Tell students they will be investigating how fossils can be compared to each other and to living organisms to determine their similarities and differences.

(continued)



**Standard Indicator** 

5.4.8

Have students explore paleontology on this fun Web site: ology.amnh.org/ paleontology/index.html.



Ask a paleontologist from a local university or the U.S. Geological Survey to visit the classroom and discuss local fossil animals and plants.

#### Activity (continued) -

- 4. Review how to fill in a Venn Diagram and pass out two copies of the BLM *Fossil Traits* to each student.
- 5. Tell students to observe any four pairs of specimens around the room and complete the Venn Diagrams on their BLMs *Fossil Traits*.
- 6. After students have completed the diagrams, bring them back into a group and ask:
  - What were some similarities between [insert set of specimens]?
  - Why do you think they were similar? [Relatedness and living in similar environments are good answers.]
  - What were some differences you observed?
  - Why do you think they were different?

#### **C. Fossil Creation**

- 1. Inform students they are about to make their own fossils.
- 2. Give each student a paper towel, a shell, and a ball of dough.
- 3. Have students write their names on their paper towels and place their dough in the center of the paper towel.
- 4. Have students press their dough into a flat disc approximately 2 cm thick.
- 5. Tell students to gently but firmly press the outside of their shells into the dough and then pull them out to leave an impression.
- 6. As students are making their molds, prepare plaster of paris by following the directions on the packaging.
- 7. Fill each student's mold with plaster.
- 8. Have students place their shells in a warm dry place for approximately 30 minutes.
- 9. When the plaster of paris has dried, have students peel the salt dough off and throw it away.
- 10. Have students observe the original shells and their fossils, and record similarities and differences in their science journals.

## **Questions for Review**

#### **Basic Concepts and Processes**

At the conclusion of the activity, discuss the following with the students:

How were the pairs of specimens similar and/or different?

Weight How could you tell?

Why do you think they [*set of specimens*] were alike or different?

Describe how the fossil you made was similar and/or different from the original organism.



Observe two pairs of organisms and fill in three similarities and three differences in the diagrams below.



## **Fossil Traits**

## **Teacher Directions** –

- 1. Label each specimen or picture.
- 2. Place pairs of related specimens/pictures in various places around the room.
- 3. Provide students with ample time to fill in four Venn Diagrams about four different pairs of specimens.
- 4. Discuss with the class how each pair of specimens had similarities and differences.

## Answer Key —

Answers will vary depending on the available specimens; however, students should have reasonable similarities and differences listed in the appropriate locations in the Venn Diagrams.